22 MILLION LIVES SAVED

- 11 MILLION PEOPLE ON ANTIRETROVIRAL THERAPY FOR HIV
- 17.4 MILLION PEOPLE TREATED FOR TB
- 795 MILLION MOSQUITO NETS DISTRIBUTED BY PROGRAMS TO FIGHT MALARIA
In 2000, AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria appeared to be unstoppable. In many countries, AIDS devastated an entire generation, leaving countless orphans and shattered communities. Malaria killed young children and pregnant women unable to protect themselves from mosquitos or access lifesaving medicine. Tuberculosis unfairly afflicted the poor, as it had for millennia.

The world fought back. As a partnership of governments, the private sector, civil society and people affected by the diseases, the Global Fund pooled the world's resources to invest strategically in programs to end AIDS, TB and malaria as epidemics. It is working.

This report delivers a summary of the impact and results achieved through the end of 2016 by programs supported by the Global Fund, showing cumulative progress since 2002. It is a collective effort, combining the strong contributions made by governments, civil society, the private sector and people affected by HIV, TB and malaria. Here are the cumulative highlights:

- 22 million lives saved
- A decline of one-third in the number of people dying from HIV, TB and malaria since 2002, in countries where the Global Fund invests
- 11 million people on antiretroviral therapy for HIV – more than half the global total
- 17.4 million people have received TB treatment
- 795 million mosquito nets distributed through programs for malaria

More than one-third of Global Fund investments go toward building resilient and sustainable systems for health, which are critical to the fight against HIV, TB and malaria, improving the quality of health care overall, and enabling countries to respond to emerging health threats.

The Global Fund supports countries in expanding programs that remove human rights- and gender-related obstacles to health care so everyone can access the health services they need. To specifically address the inequalities affecting women and girls, the Global Fund’s investments have increased significantly in the past seven years, with about 60 percent of the organization’s total investments now directed to women and girls.

Global Fund investment in health programs has grown steadily. As of end December 2016, the Global Fund had disbursed US$32.6 billion to support programs for HIV, TB and malaria.

Operating expenditure is kept low through disciplined cost control, efforts to save money and adherence to a prudent budgeting framework. In 2016, operating expenses totaled US$281 million. That represents about 2 percent of grants under management, reflecting an exceptionally high degree of efficiency.